Using Indefinite Pronouns

Indefinite pronouns are words which replace nouns without specifying which noun they replace.

Singular: another, anybody, anyone, anything, each, either, everybody, everyone, everything, little, much, neither, nobody, no one, nothing, one, other, somebody, someone, something

Plural: both, few, many, others, several

Singular or Plural: all, any, more, most, none, some

Singular indefinite pronouns take singular verbs or singular personal pronouns.

Correct: Each of the members has one vote. (The subject, **each**, is singular. Use **has**.)

Incorrect: One of the girls gave up their seat.

Correct: One of the girls gave up her seat. (Her refers to one, which is singular.)

Plural indefinite pronouns take plural verbs or plural personal pronouns.

Correct: A few of the justices were voicing their opposition. (**Few** is plural, so are **were** and **their**.)

For indefinite pronouns that can be singular **or** plural, it depends on what the indefinite pronoun refers to.

Correct: All of the people clapped their hands. **(All** refers to **people**, which is plural.)

Correct: All of the newspaper was soaked. (Here **all** refers to **newspaper**, which is singular.)

A Gender-Sensitive Case

The pronouns ending with **-body** or **-one** such as **anybody**, **somebody**, **no one**, or **anyone** are singular. So are pronouns like **each** and **every**. Words like **all** or **some** *may* be singular. That means that a possessive pronoun referring to these singular words must also be singular. In standard written English the possessive pronoun **his** is used to refer to a singular indefinite pronoun unless the group referred to is known to be all female.

Incorrect: Is everyone happy with their gift?

Correct: Is everyone happy with his gift? (**Everyone** and **is** are singular. The possessive pronoun must be singular, too)

Most languages, including English, observe the standard of using the masculine pronoun in situations like this. However, in some circles today the idea of choosing the masculine pronoun sounds discriminatory against women. If this usage bothers you, or if you think it may bother your audience, there are two possible ways to work around this and still use standard English.

1. Use the phrase **his or her.** It is a little awkward, but OK.

Correct: Is everyone happy with his or her gift? 2. Rewrite the sentence using a **plural** pronoun or <u>antecedent</u>. Plural personal pronouns in English no longer distinguish between masculine and feminine. Correct: Are all the people happy with their gifts?