

<b>Adjective Clauses</b>	<b>Adverb Clauses</b>	<b>Noun Clauses</b>
These clauses describe nouns and pronouns. They act as adjectives.	These clauses act as adverbs	These function as nouns
Answers question: "Which one?" Or "What kind?"	Answers question: -Where? -To what extent? -Why? -Under what condition -When? -In what manner?	Therefore they can be the subject, direct object, indirect object of a preposition, predicate nominative, or appositive. You may find all sorts of modifiers within a noun clause.
Adjective clauses start with  Relative pronouns: <i>That, what, where, which, who, whoever, whom, whose</i> <b>OR</b> Relative adverbs: <i>where, when, why</i>	All adverb clauses start with a subordinating conjunction ( <i>after, although, as, as long as, as soon as, as though, because, before, even though, if, in order that, provided that, since, so that, than, though, unless, until, when, whenever, where, whereas, wherever, whether, while</i> ) and are always followed by a comma.... unless they end a sentence.	