CREATE A SECTION IN SPRIAL: WRITING

*Add a post it note labeled writing.

Evergreen Chapter 3

The Process of Writing Paragraphs

PART A

Define **paragraph**: 5- 12 sentences. A group of related sentences that develops one main idea.

Define topic sentence

Define **body**

Practice#1, p. 23

Para. A: The summer picnic gave ladies a chance to show off their baking hands.

Para. B A few lucky people have found for themselves what many Seek - the perfect job.

Para. C

Practice #2, p. 24

- 1. ____
- 2. ___
- 3. ____
- 4. ___
- 5. ____
- 6. ____
- 7. ____
- 8. ____

Part B

Narrowing the Topic and Writing the Topic Sentence

- 1. Narrow the topic
- 2. Write topic sentence
- 3. Generate ideas for the body
- 4. Select and drop ideas
- 5. Arrange ideas in a plan or outline

Topic Sentence = topic + controlling idea

Practice 3

its.

A topic sentence MUST be a complete sentence.

DO NOT write in this paper I will write . . . or in this essay or . . . this paper will be about . . .

Practice 4

- 1.
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

Practice 5 NT + CI = TS

1.

NT: overcoming fear of flying

CI: Reading a book about the fear helped

TS: After I read a book about how airplanes stay in the air and avoid crashing, I overcame my fear of flying.

2.

NT: credit cards can be dangerous

CI: if consumers don't pay their balances they can go bankrupt.

TS: Credit cards can be dangerous because if consumers don't pay their balances they can go bankrupt.

Practice 6

Paragraph a

Since 1981, the Internet has grown at an amazing (exponential, explosive) rate.

Paragraph b

Part C

Define brainstorming:

Freely jotting on paper or computer anything that relates to your topic sentence: facts, details, examples, little stories.

Part C

Practice 7

NT: Apples

CI: come in various shapes and sizes

TS: Apples come in a variety of colors, varieties, shapes and sizes.

Brainstorming

Apples come in many varieties: red delicious, yellow, granny smith They can be very large or quite small.

Sometimes they are almost round or they can be pear shaped.

MELCON

CON

M							
Topic	sentenc	e: Apples come in a variety of types, shapes, and sizes					
Ε	General Statement #1 First, there are many varieties of apples.						
	L	Specific support: (What do you mean?) For instance, there are Red Delicious apples, Yellow Delicious, Macintosh and Granny Smith varieties, just to name a few.					
	L	Specific support: (Why is it important?) Different varieties often differ in color, size, taste and what they are used for.					
F	Gener	ral Statement #2 Next, apples can be perfectly <mark>shaped</mark> or somewhat misshapen.					
<u> </u>	L	Specific support: (What do you mean?) Red Delicious apples are very often taller than they are wide.					
	L	Specific support: (Why is it important?) While, Macintosh apples tend to be more symmetrical in shape.					
Е	Genero variety	al Statement #3: Finally, apples can be very <mark>large or very small</mark> depending on the y.					
	L	Specific support: (What do you mean?) Red and Yellow Delicious Apples come in large and small sizes.					
	L	Specific support: (Why is it important?) The large sizes can be really big while the smaller ones can be no larger than the size of an average sized egg.					
Closing Sentence: Regardless of your preferences for apples, as a fruit they can't be beat for							
the si	zes and	varieties that are available to the fruit loving masses.					